5-15R

QUESTIONNAIRE FOR EVALUATION OF DEVELOPMENT AND BEHAVIOUR

Teachers' questionnaire

To the teacher: This questionnaire, for children and adolescents age 5 to 17, contains statements concerning the skills and behaviors of your child/student in various domains of development. Children are individuals. This means that their skills and behaviors vary from one child/student to another, and according to age.

The statements in the questionnaire are followed by boxes marked **Does not apply – Applies sometimes/to some extent – Applies.** Tick the box that contains the statement that you think best corresponds to your student's functioning in everyday situations, compared to children of their own age. Have in mind the student's present functioning, i.e. within the last 6 months. To get the most correct picture of your student's functioning, it is important that you complete the whole questionnaire.

You will be asked if the student's functioning in various domains leads to problems in daily living. Please consider whether these problems affect the student and others at home, in school and among friends. These questions are followed by four options: **No – A little – A great deal – Very much**.

To the professional applying this questionnaire: The questionnaire aims at elucidating the teacher's views on the student's strengths and weaknesses in several developmental domains. It is not supposed to serve as the sole basis for diagnostic decisions. The use of this questionnaire requires knowledge about normal and atypical child development as well as basic knowledge in psychometrics. Guidelines for professional use, administration and scoring are found in the MANUAL.

A parent edition of the questionnaire is also available.

Reference for this questionnaire: Kadesjö, B., Janols. L-O, Korkman, M., Mickelsson, K., Strand, G., Trillingsgaard, A., Lambek, R., Øgrim, G., Bredesen, A. M., & Gillberg, C. (2017). Five-To-Fifteen-Revised (5-15R). Available at www.5-15.org

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Statement of consent to process given information electronically

The purpose of the 5-15R questionnaire and evaluation system is to evaluate the child's functioning in different areas of everyday life.

The responses will be compared to a large group of responses for children of the same age and gender.

The evaluation can identify areas where the child's functioning will be subject of interest of further evaluation or intervention.

The results from this evaluation are never used alone as basis for conclusions about the child or its environment.

The collected information will be entered and stored in a database without any identification of the child or the informant. These data are deleted no later than 6 months after the collection.

I declare that I have received consent from a parent or guardian to the collection, storage and processing of data for the purpose described above.

Signature:	Date:	
Your relation to the child: \Box Teacher	Other:	
		D
The child's name:	••••••	Date of birth:

	Does not apply	Applies sometimes/ to some extent	Applies
Motor skills - gross motor skills; the student's use of his/her body in	various activ	vities	
 Difficulty acquiring new motor skills, such as learning how to ride a bike, skate, swim 			
 Difficulty throwing and catching a ball 			
3. Difficulty running fast			
 Has difficulties or does not like to participate in game sports such as soccer/football, land hockey, basketball Balance problems; for instance, has difficulty standing on one leg 			
6. Often stumbles and falls			
7. Clumsy or awkward movements			
Motor skills - fine motor skills; the student`s use of his/her hands: 8. Does not like to draw, has difficulties drawing figures that represent something			
9. Difficulty handling, assembling and manipulating small objects			
10. Difficulty pouring water into a glass without spilling			
II. Often spills food onto clothes or table when eating			
12. Difficulty using knife and fork			
13. Difficulty buttoning or tying shoe-laces			
14. Difficulty using a pen (e.g., presses too hard, hand is shaking)			
15. Has not developed clear hand preference, i.e., is neither clearly right-handed nor left-handed16. Writing is slow and laborious/hard to read the result			
17. Immature pencil-grip, holds the pen in an unusual manner			

Do problems w	vith motor fur	nction interfere wit	h your student`s	daily function?
Not at all 🗌	A little 🗌	Pretty much	Very much 🗌	

Attention and concentration: the student's ability to pay attention and to concentrate on various tasks and activities:

18. Often fails to pay close attention to details or makes careless mistakes		
19. Often has difficulty sustaining attention in tasks or play activities		
20. Often does not seem to listen when spoken to directly		
21. Problems following instructions and fails to finish schoolwork, chores, or duties)		
22. Often has difficulty organizing tasks and activities		
23. Often avoids, dislikes, or is reluctant to engage in tasks that require sustained mental effort (such as homework)		
24. Often loses things necessary for tasks or activities (e.g., toys, school equipment, pencils, books, sports gear or tools)		
25. Is often easily distracted by extraneous stimuli (e.g., irrelevant sounds like other people talking, cars driving by)		
26. Is often forgetful in daily activities at school		

	Does not apply	Applies sometimes/ to some extent	Applies
Over activity and impulsivity; the student's tendency to be too active	e or impulsiv	e:	

27. In constant motion (fidgets with fingers, plucks at things etc.)		
28. Difficulty remaining seated (squirms in seat, gets up and moves about)		
29. Often runs about or climbs excessively in situations in which is inappropriate, (more than their peers)30. Difficulty playing calmly and quietly		
31. Is often "on the go" or often acts as if "driven by a motor"		
32. Often talks excessively		
33. Often blurts out answers before the question has been completed		
34. Difficulty awaiting turns (in games, during meals etc.)		
35. Often interrupts or intrudes on others (e.g., butts into conversations or games)		

Do problems with attention, concentration, over-activity or impulsivity interfere with your student's daily function? Not at all A little Pretty much Very much

Passivity/inactivity: the student's inactivity or tendency to be too passive

36. Difficulty getting started on tasks/activities		
37. Difficulty completing a task/activity, does not get things done like the rest of the group		I
38. Often "in own world" or daydreaming		
39. Seems slow, inert, or lacking energy		

-				<i>.</i>			•
Does	passivity	or inac	tivity inte	rfere with	your student	's daily functio	n?

Not at all 📙	A little 📙	Pretty much	」 Very much 上
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Planning/organizing; the student's ability to plan or organize activities

40. Difficulty understanding consequent	ces of own	actions (e.g.	, climbs in	dangerous
places, careless in traffic)				

- 41. Difficulty planning and preparing for tasks (e.g., collecting equipment needed for an outing or for school)
- 42. Difficulty completing sequential tasks (e.g., young children: getting dressed in the morning without constant reminders; older children: completing home work without constant reminders)

Do problems w	vith planning/c	organizing interfere	with your student's daily function?
Not at all 🛛	A little 🗌	Pretty much	Very much

Does not Applies Applies apply sometimes/ to some extent

Perception of space and directions; the student's perception of space and directions in the physical world:

43. Difficulty finding his/her way around (even in well-known places)		
 44. Seems disturbed by height differences (even slight) such as in connection with climbing stairs etc. 45. Difficulty judging distance or size 		
45. Difficulty judging distance or size		
46. Difficulty comprehending orientation and spatial directions (young children turning clothes back to front, older children confusing letters such as b, p, d, or digits such as 6, 9)		
47. Bumps into other people, especially in narrow places		
Concepts of time; the student's ability to understand concepts of time: 48. Poor concepts of time, e.g., does not have an intuitive feeling for how long "five		
minutes" or "one hour" take or is uncertain about how long ago something happened		
49. Has only a vague idea about what time it is, whether it is morning or afternoon, whether it is time or not to go to/leave school		
50. Repeatedly asks about when something is going to happen, e.g., how much time is left before an outing or before it is time to go to/leave school		
51. Can read the clock mechanically but does not understand the actual time concept		

Perception of own body; the student's perception of his/her own body and sensory impressions:

52. Does not have a sense of how clothes fit, does not straighten socks or trousers that have slid down53. Surprisingly poor perception of cold, pain etc.		
 54. Poor body awareness (uncertain of size of own body in relation to the environment, e.g., bumps into or tumbles over things without intention to do so) 55. Oversensitive to touch (is irritated by tight clothing, perceives soft touch as rough etc.) 		
56. Difficulty imitating other people's movements		
 Perception of visual forms and figures; the student's ability to perceive forms and figures: 57. Tends to misinterpret pictures; e.g., may perceive a picture of a fried egg as that of a flower 58. Difficulty noticing small differences in shapes, figures, words and patterns that look alike 59. Difficulty drawing pictures such as that of a car, a house etc. (compared with their peers) 60. Difficulty with jigsaw puzzles 		

Do problems with perception of space and directions, time, own body, or forms and figures interfere with your student's daily function?

Not at all 🛛	A little	Pretty muc	h 🗌	Very much	
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	Does not apply	Applies sometimes/ to some extent	Applies
Memory; the student`s ability to remember facts or what he/she has experience	d		
61. Difficulty remembering information about personal data, such as date of birth, home address etc.			
62. Difficulty remembering the names of other people (e.g., name of teacher, school peers)			
63. Difficulty remembering the names of weekdays, months and seasons			
64. Difficulty remembering non-personal facts learned at school (e.g., historic events, chemical formulas etc.)			
65. Difficulty remembering what has occurred recently, as who has phoned or, what he/she ate a few hours ago etc.			
66. Difficulty remembering events that occurred some time ago, such as what happened on a trip, what Christmas presents he/she got etc.			
67. Difficulty remembering where he/she put things			
68. Difficulty remembering appointments with peers or what home-work he/she has got			
69. Difficulty learning rhymes, songs, multiplication tables etc. by heart			
70. Difficulty remembering long or multiple-step instructions			
71. Difficulty acquiring new skills, such as rules of new play or games			
Do problems with memory interfere with your student`s daily function? Not at all A little Pretty much Very much D			
Comprehension of spoken language; the child's/student`s ability to understand language and speech:			
72. Difficulty understanding explanations and instructions			
73. Difficulty following stories read aloud			
74. Difficulty perceiving what other people say (often says "what?", "what do you mean?")			
75. Difficulty with abstract concepts such as "the day after tomorrow", "in the right order"			
76. Tends to misinterpret what is said			
Expressive language; the student's ability of language expression and to pr	onounce w	ords:	
77. Uncertain of speech sounds and tends to misarticulate words			
78. Difficulty learning the names of colors, people, letters etc.			
79. Difficulty finding words or explaining to other people, says: "the, the, the"	Π		

- 80. Tends to remember words incorrectly, says "arm bow" instead of "elbow", refers to "pointer" instead of "index" etc.
- 81. Difficulty explaining what he/she wants
- 82. Difficulty speaking fluently without any breaks
- 83. Difficulty expressing him/herself in whole sentences, in grammatically correct sentences, or inflecting words

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	Does not apply	Applies sometimes/ to some extent	Applies
84. Pronounces specific sounds incorrectly (has a lisp, difficulty pronouncing the sound of "r", nasal voice etc.)			
85. Difficulty pronouncing complex words such as "electric", "screwdriver" etc.			
86. Has a hoarse voice			
87. Stutters			
88. Speaks so rapidly that it is difficult to comprehend what he/she is saying			
89. Has a muddled speech			

Verbal communication; the student's ability to use language and ability to communicate with others:

90. Difficulty telling about experiences or situations so that the listener understands	_	 _
(e.g., what happened during the day or during the summer vacation)		
91. Difficulty keeping "on track" when telling other people something		
92. Difficulty taking part in a conversation, e.g., problems shifting from listening to talking		
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Do problems with understanding of language, use of language, or verbal communication interfere with your student's daily function?

Not at all		A little		Pretty much		Very much		
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Acquisition of academic skills; if the student is under 8 years of age, move to item 122

Reading, writing, arithmetic (only student's 8 years or above):

93.	Acquiring reading skills is more difficult than expected considering his/her ability to learn other things		
94.	Has difficulties to understand what he/she is reading		
95.	Difficulty reading aloud at normal speed (reads too slowly, too quickly, or fails to read fluently)		
96.	Does not like reading (e.g., avoids reading books)		
97.	Makes many guesses while reading		
98.	Difficulty spelling		
99.	Has difficulties shaping letters and to write neatly		
100	Difficulty formulating him/herself in writing		
101	Difficulty acquiring basic math skills (addition, subtraction; i.e., plus, minus)		
102	Difficulty with math problems given in written form		
103	Difficulty learning and applying various mathematical rules		
104	Difficulty learning and use multiplication tables		
105	. Difficulty with mental arithmetic		

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Does not	Applies	Applies
apply	sometimes/	
	to some	
	extent	

Learning new things and applying knowledge in school (only student's 8 years or above):

106. Difficulty understanding verbal instructions		
 107. Difficulty understanding or using abstract terms, e.g., terms relating to size, volume, spatial directions 108. Difficulty participating in discussions with other children 		
109. Difficulty learning facts or acquiring knowledge about the surrounding world.		
110. Exceptional knowledge or skills in some area		
III. Is good at artistic or practical things (playing an instrument, drawing, painting, construction work)		

Problem solving in school and approach to new learning situations (only student's 8 years or above):

112. Difficulty planning and organizing activities, (e.g., the order in which things should be done, how much time is needed to manage a specific task)		
I I 3. Difficulty shifting plan or strategy when this is required (e.g., when the initial approach failed)		
I I4. Difficulty comprehending explanations and following instructions given by adults		
115. Difficulty solving abstract tasks (i.e., is dependent on learning material that can be seen or touched)		
116. Difficulty keeping on trying and completing tasks, often leaves them half finished		
117. Unmotivated for school work or comparable learning situations		
118. Learning is slow and laborious		
119. Does things too quickly, hastily, or in a hurry		
120. Can/will not take responsibility for own actions, needs a lot of supervision		
121. Very much in need of support, wants to know whether he/she is performing well		
Do academic problems or learning difficulties interfere with your student`s daily func Not at all 🔲 A little 🔲 Pretty much 🗌 Very much 🔲	tion?	
Social skills; the student's capacity to participate in social settings and interact	with others	
122. Does not understand other people's social cues, e.g., facial expressions, gestures, tone of voice, or body language 122. Difference understanding the facilities of other people.		
123. Difficulty understanding the feelings of other people		
124. Difficulty responding to the needs of other people		

125. [Difficulty	verbally	explaining	emotions	when	feeling	lonely,	being	bored	etc.
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- 126. Speaks with a monotonous or strange voice
- 127. Difficulty expressing emotions and reactions with facial gestures or body language

	Does not apply	Applies sometimes/ to some extent	Applies
128. Seems "old fashioned" in style and behavior?			
129. Difficulty behaving as expected by peers			
 130. Difficulty realizing how to behave in different social situations, such as when visiting relatives together with parents, when visiting friends, seeing a doctor, going to the cinema, etc. 131. Is perceived by peers as different, odd, or eccentric 			
 I32. Unintentionally makes a fool of himself so that parents feel embarrassed or peers start laughing I33. Often seems to lack common sense 			
134. Has a weak sense of humour			
135. Blurts out socially inappropriate comments			
136. Difficulty comprehending rules or prohibitions			
137. Often quarrels with peers			
138. Difficulty understanding and respecting other people's rights, for example, that younger children need more help than older ones, and that parents should be			
left alone when they demand it, etc.			
139. Difficulty in group or team activities or games, invents new rules for own benefit			
140. Difficulty making friends			
141. Does not often interact with peers			
142. Difficulty to participate in group activities			
143. Not accepted by other children to participate in their games			
144. Does not care for physical contact such as hugs			
145. Has one or a few interests that take up considerable time and that impinge on relations with family and friends146. Repeats or gets stuck in seemingly meaningless behavior or activities			
147. Gets very upset by tiny changes in daily routines			
148. Eye contact in face to face situations is abnormal or missing			
Do problems with social skills interfere with your student`s daily function? Not at all A little Pretty much Very much			
Emotional problems:			
149. Poor self-confidence			
150. Seems to be unhappy, sad, depressed			
151. Often complains about feelings of loneliness			
152. Has tried to inflict bodily damage to him-/herself or talks about that			
153. Has a poor appetite			
154. Often expresses a feeling of being worthless or inferior to other children			
155. Often complains about bellyaches, headaches, breathing difficulties or other bodily symptoms			

	Does not apply	Applies sometimes/ to some extent	Applies
156. Appears tense and anxious or complains about being nervous			
157. Becomes very anxious or unhappy when leaving home e.g., when setting to school			
158. More sleeping problems than most children of similar age			
159. Often has nightmares			
160. Walks in sleep or has nocturnal attacks when he/she cannot be "reached" or comforted161. Often loses temper			
162. Often argues with adults			
163. Often refuses to follow the instructions of adults			
164. Often teases others by deliberately doing things that are perceived as provocative165. Often blames others for own mistakes or bad actions			
166. Is easily offended, or disturbed by others			
167. Often gets into fights			
168. Is cruel to animals			
169. Lies and cheats			
170. Steals things at home			
171. Often destroys the belongings of other family members or other children			
I72. Are you aware if the student has recurrent episodes of a few days with extremely high activity level and flight of ideas			
173. Are you aware if the student has recurrent periods of obvious irritability			

Obsessive actions or thoughts; Actions or thoughts that the student appears unable to control

174. Compulsively repeats some activities or has habits that are very difficult to change		
175. Has obsessive/fixed ideas		
176. Has involuntary movements, tics, twitches or facial grimaces		
177. Repeats meaningless movements, such as head shaking, body jerking and finger drumming		
178. Emits unmotivated sounds such as throat clearing, sneezing, swallowing, barking, shouting etc		
179. Difficulty keeping quiet, e.g., whistles, hums, mumbles		
180. Repeats words or parts of words in a meaningless way		
181. Uses dirty words or language in an exaggerated way		

Do emotional problems,	obsessive actions	or thoughts inter	fere with your s	tudent`s daily function?
	_			

Not at all A little Pretty much Very much

Does not	Applies	Applies
apply	sometimes/	
	to some	
	extent	

Describe the strengths of your child:

Describe the problems with your student that you are most worried about: